THE ENGINEER PROPERTY OF THE P

## SPECIAL NOTICES.

HEADQUARTERS OF JOHN A. RAWLINS POST, No. 1, G. A. R.—The death of Past Post Commander James E. De Jester is announced. His death occurred on Sunday, the 9th, at 4 a.m., from pneumonia. The funeral will take place from his late residence, No. 839 Pennsylvania 4ve. n.w., on TUENDAY, the 11th, at 2 of clock p.m. Interment at Arlington cemetery. Comrades will please attend. THOS. R. SHEP-PARD, Commander. Attest: JAMES A. ALLEN, Adjt. MASONIC.—A SPECIAL COMMUNICATION OF COlmabia Lodge, No. 3, F. A. A. M., will be held
at Scottish Rits Sanctuary, No. 1007 G st. n.w.,
TUESDAY, at 1 o'clock p.m. sharp, for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late Bro.
James E. De Jester. A full attendance requested. Members of other lodges fraternally invited. By order of the W. M.

1t W. S. MACGILL, Secretary.

WASHINGTON, D. C., FEB. 10, 1896.
The firm of Stumph & Brother and the Stumph & Brother Company have this day filed a general assignment of all their property to me for the benefit of creditors. Creditors are requested to present their chaims to me as soon as possible. Debtors are notified to settle accounts and make payments at once. SIMON WOLF, Assignee, fello-3t 631, 633, 635 Mass. ave. n.w.

MEDICAL AND CHEMICAL CO., Incorporated. Send for circulars. 1t\* Office, 717 14th st. n.w.

AS SURE AS GUN IS MADE OF IRON-You will have to die-and your wife and children will need support-same as when you're aiive. Don't you think it good business and common serse to provide for them by the simplest in the Convecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company? Consult A. H. GIBBS, General Agent, 918 I' st. n.w., Washington, D.C. ja15-1m,14 THE SECRET OF OUR SUCCESS

IN BUILDING UP A BIG GROCERY —business is in dealing "fair and square" with the trade—in supplying Grocers, Confectioners and Bakers with satisfactory goods at "rock bottom" prices ALWAYS. If you sell goods in our line—you should know us—leagn our prices, Ring us up and we'll send a representative to see you. EPNO CONSUMERS SUPPLIED. B. B. EARNSHAW & BRO., Wholesale Grocers 1105-9 11TH ST. S.E. AND 1000-2 M ST. S.E. 1t WE'VE A RIGHT TO BE PROUD OF OUR 50c. DINNER.

OF OUR 50c. DINNER.
There's more real pleasure to be gotten from it—nore gastronomical satisfaction—than any other dinner in town. As tastefaily arranged—as deliciously cooked—as faultiessly zerved—as any meal you've ever enjoyed.

Exery day from 4 to 8, 50c.
FETTZ REUTER'S, COR. PA. AVE. AND 4½ ST. (10-104)

SPIRITUALISM-MRS. M. J. STEPHENS, TRANCE medium. Sittings daily except Sunday. Hours-10 to 4. 222 A st. s.c. fes-2t\* THE ANNUAL ELECTION OF SEVEN TRUSTEPS for the ensuing year by the stockholders of the Washington Brick Company will be held at the office of the company, Rooms 4 and 5, No. 1420 New York ave. B.W., Washington, D. C., on the THIRD MONDAY in February, 1896, being February 17, 1896. Polls open from 12 noon to 3 p.m., in pursuance of the by-laws of said company.

THEDORE L. HOLBROOK, President, ja17&fe10,15-3t The Washington Brick Company.

SPIRITUALISM.

MRS. EFFIE McNEIL, business and test medium, has resumed practice for the fall and winter and will be at home daily until further notice. Business examinations a specialty and satisfaction guaranteed. 1914 Pa. ave. fe8-6t\* ARE YOU FADING

tonic, yet don't know what to take? Let us prescribe for you. Ta'te Tharp's "Berkley" Rye Whisky each morning. It will make you strong! \$1 full qt. JAMES THARP, 812 F st. n.w.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDers of the Home Plate Glass Insurance Co. of
Washington, D. C., for the election of trustees
will be held at the office of the company, National Union bldg., 918 F st. n.w., TUESDAY,
February 11, 1896. Polls open from 2 to 3 o'clock
p.m. (fe5-5t) NOBLE D. LARNER, Secy. DR. FREDERICK F. DALY HAS REMOVED HIS office to Wash. Loan and Trust bldg., cor. 9th and F, Room 37.

AN ANNOUNCEMENT. This will inform my friends and the public that I am now associated with the Home Life Insurance Company, as General Manager. In addition to its superior life policies, this company sells deferred or immediate Annuity Bonds-a safe investment, paying from seven to eighteen per cent, according to age. For full particulars apply to

T. M. TYSSOWSKI, 910 G st. n. w.,

TROUBLE TO MANSIONS. IROUBLE TO MANSIONS.

I test your plumbing with a sure and reliable smoke test. A triffing jet of smoke issuing from the drain or vert pipes means a leak, or trouble. I will cure the trouble and make your plumbing secure. WILLIAM KOCH, 724 13th st. n.w. Tel. call 805.

GOVER'S RENT LEDGER. A new edition in preparation. Orders solicited for early delivery. Invaluable to Real Estate Agents. H. L. McQUEEN, 1108-1116 E st.n.w. ja18 DENTISTRY DONE ON WEEKLY AND MONTHLY

DR. T. W. STUBBLEFIELD, ja7-tf 11tn and F sts., Mertz bidg. OPEN FIRES-THE RIDEAU STOVE, AN ARTIStic grate, may be used in any chimney, with o without mantel, and combines heating qualities with the pleasures of an open fire, burning har or soft coal or wood. J. H. CORNING, Tile Shop 120, 521 121, and 122 121

If is best done on the "Columbia"—
the standard of the world for wheels.
The greatness of the Columbia is
evidenced by the fact that other
makers strive to make their wheels
"just as good." DISTRICT CYCLE
CO., Agents. J. Hart Brittain, Manager., 452 Penn. ave. fe4-tf

INK Can't Be Spilled

from PAUL'S SAFETY INK WELLS. So constructed there's no waste or evaporation. Get just the proper quantity of ink on your pen every time. Needs no cork or cover. Ink never hardens. £7 All sizes. 10c. up—filled with any colored ink.

Easton & Rupp, 421 11th St., Popular-Priced Stationers. (Just above ave.) f10-14d

Keep Glass

-of every description in stock-from the ordinary window glass to the heavlest and finest French Plate. No better facilities for handling glass no finer workmen, no larger or better

stock-and no lewer prices. Next time you want any glass for your house or store come here and get it. All the care and attention of ten years' business experience is at your disposal in selecting the glass you Get our estimate on the cost of you

next glass job! Chas. E. Hodgkin, 913 7th St. "EXPERT HANDLER OF PLATE GLASS."

Satisfactory Printing.

Nowadays a printer has got to do something more than say that his work is best. It is necessary for him to prove it. He is judged by the printing be turns out.

That's why every job that leaves here is the best that skill and originality can make it. We fully realize that our reputation rests upon year.

Byron S. Adams, 512 11th St. COAL! COAL! COAL!

Pa. Pea Coal at \$4.00. Chestnut and Furnace a \$5.00 a ton delivered. JOHN MILLER & CO., 10th and F sts. n. ja24-1m

A laxative, refreshing fruit lozenger, very agreeable to take for

INDIEN

CONSTIPATION. hemorrhoids, bile, of appetite, gastric and intestinal troubles and headache arising

F. GRILLON.

Sold by all Druggists.

Funeral of Nathaniel Miller. Funeral services over the late Nathaniel Miller were held yesterday at 323 I street northeast, the services being conducted by Rev. C. O. Cook. Born in 1820, the de-ceased came to this city in 1838, and has resided here ever since. He was a stone-cutter by trade, and was one of the organizers of the Granite Cutters Assembly, being president three terms. For forty years he was employed by Matthew G. Emery, and superintended several large works of stone construction notable. works of stone construction, notably among them being the base of the new Capitol building, also by Mr.C.C. Willard, One daughter survives him. Interment was in the Congressional cemetery. There was a large number of friends at the funeral, among them being Matthew G. Emery.

Secular League. A meeting of the Secular League was held yesterday afternoon in Metzerott Hail. Addresses were made by Maurice Pechin, president of the league, and Samuel M. president of the l

## OF LOCAL INTEREST

District Measures Considered in Both Branches of Congress.

Some Important Provisions That Are Embodied in It.

DISTRICT DAY TOMORROW

An important bill has been introduced in the House by Mr. Grout, chairman of the subcommittee, as an outcome of the striking out of the clause in the District an propriation bill granting competition in bidding for the electric lighting of the city. The bill authorizes the Potomac Light and Power Company, an existing corporation, to extend its wires so as to enter into com-

The bil! provides, first, that all of the construction which may be done under authority of this act shall be, in regard to ergineering features, under the supervision of the Commissioners of the District of Columbia.

No overhead wires shall be erected by the company within the limits of the city of Washington. In that part of the District of Columbia not included in the city of Washington the District Commissioners may, at their discretion, grant permits for the construction of overhead or under-ground lines.

In the case of the erection of an overhead or pole line, provisions shall be made for the erection of at least four wires, for which the pole right shall be given without charge to the Commissioners of the District charge to the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, to be used by them for the erection of such wires as may be employed in the public telegraph, telephone, messenger or fire alarm service. In the case of the construction of underground conduits along any streets of the city of Washington, or streets or roads outside of the city of Washington, the Commissioners, in granting permits for such construction, may require the company to provide an additional duct at least four square inches in cross section, which duct may be used without charge to and at the discretion of the District Commissioners for the laying the District Commissioners for the laying therein of the public telephone, telegraph, messenger or fire alarm service wires.

Additional Ducts May Be Required. One of the most important sections of the

bill is the one which provides as follows: "The District Commissioners may also require the building of additional ducts beyend those strictly required by the compary, and in number not exceeding ten; pary, and in number not exceeding ten; such additional ducts to be subject to rertal by other authorized parties who may from time to time be named by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to the company owning such ducts, such rental to be on a basis of 6 per centum arnually on the cost of said ducts, the maintenance of the same to be at the expense of the lessee." pense of the lessee."
The Commissioners of the District, in

The Commissioners of the District, in granting such permits, may also require that the company shall co-operate in the construction of the same with any other party or parties who, by authority of law, may be empowered at the same time to lay electric conduits on the same street, such co-operation to be to the end that all such co-operation to be to the end that all such parties shall lay their ducts in the same

It is stipulated that as a condition of the right to the continuous use of any such ducts as may be constructed under authority of this act shall be that the company to which the rights granted by this act are conveyed, or the assigns or successors of such company, shall, at any time within thirty days from the date of demand made by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia for the supply, along the streets per year for each lamp burning all night and every night between sunset and sun-

The further condition of the continued all private or public purchasers having

Territory to Be Used.

The authority given for the erection of overhead or the construction of underground lines, and the operation of the same, shall extend territorially, as follows: (a) To all streets and roads along which no existing lines of any other electric light company may now be established.

(b) Along such streets as may be occupied by the company as the result of suc-cessful competition for the furnishing of lights to the public authorities. (c) Along such other streets, or parts of streets, in the city of Washington on or over which there may be, one year from the date of this act, overhead lines of any

electric light company.

(d) Along any streets or parts of stree's, whether now provided with electric light conduits or overhead wires, provided own-ers of a majority in value of the real estate fronting on such streets or parts of streets shall petition to the Commissioners of the District of Columbia for the establishment therein of the conduits and electric service of the company named in this act.

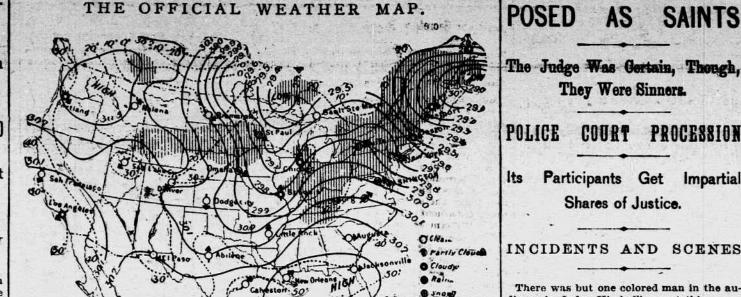
It is provided that the conduits, which may be constructed under authority of this act, shall be held by the owners thereof subject to the right of purchase by the proper public authorities and for the public ownership, at figures that shall be calculated in the following manners. The original culated in the following manner: The origi-nal cost of the conduits to be taken as a basis, to this 6 per centum per annum during the time when they may not have been rented shall be added to the proportionate cost of all ducts which have been built in excess of the needs of the original owner or owners and at the demand of the District Commissioners. In case of disagreement between the owners and the public officers acting under authority of law in the matter of such purchase, such differences shall be submitted to the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, whose indings shall be accepted as final by both parties. Should such purchase be made, the original owners to have the prior right over other parties to the rental for a period of fifty years or less of said ducts from the government, at an annual rental equal to 6 er centum on the cost of said ducts to the government, such prior right to subsist for the term of ninety days after the date of

purchase by the government. More Permission for Gas Pipes.

Mr. Babcock has introduced a bill in the House, by request, providing that the Commissioners of the District of Columbia be authorized to grant to the Pintsch Compressing Company, a corporation organized under the laws of the state of New Jersey, and having a plant located in square 269 in said city, permission to lay pipes for the distribution of the gas manufactured at its plant for the purpose of furnishing light to railway postal mail cars and the gas buoys of the United States lighthouse board in the following named streets in Washington, to wit: From the works or plant of said company in square 209, along Maryland avenue to 6th street west, thence along 6th street to the Baltimore and Potomac railroad depot, also continuing along Maine avenue to 3d street west, and thence along 3d street to B street west, and thence along 3d street to B street north, thence along B street north to 1st street west, thence along 1st street west to Indiana avenue, and thence along Indiana avenue to the Baltimore and Ohio railroad depot, and also across 13th and E streets to the yards of the Southern railway; also from their said plant or station along 13½ street southwest, or along such other street or streets as agreed upon to the street or streets as agreed upon, to the Po-tomac river; that said pipe lines shall be laid under the direction of the Commissioners of

The company shall furnish the Commis-sioners with bond or bonds or such other scenarity as they may require to guarantee the strict compliance with the permit that may be granted the company, and to insure the complete restoration of all pavements

the District of Columbia



bars or lines of equal air pressure, drawn for each tenth of an inch. Dotted lines are isotherms or lines of equal temperature, drawn for each ten degrees. Shaded areas are regions where rain or has fallen during preceding twelve hours. The words "High" and "Low" show location of areas of high and low barometer. Small arrows fly with the wind.

FAIR TOMORROW.

The Weather Bureau Says It Will Also Be Warmer.

Forecast till 8 p.m. Tuesday.-For the District of Columbia, Delaware and Maryland. fair tonight and Tuesday; warmer Tuesday; westerly winds, becoming variable.

For Virginia and North Carolina, fair tonight; Tuesday, fair and warmer; northerly winds, becoming southwesterly.

Weather conditions and general forecast. -The storm central Sunday morning on the New Jersey coast has moved northeastward to the Gulf of St. Lawrence, increasing in force, attended by high northeasterly, shifting to northwesterly, winds; with snow in New England, the lower lake region and the middle states. The second storm center has moved from Manitoba to Lake Superior. The pressure is generally high in the south Atlantic and gulf states; also in the Rocky mountain districts. The barometer has fallen in New England, the upper lake region and the upper lake region and the upper Mississippi valley. It has risen and the upper Mississippi valley. It has risen in the Atlantic and east gulf states and in the northern Rocky mountain districts.

It is cooler on the Atlantic coast, and the temperature has fallen 10 to 30 degrees in the extreme northwest. It is warmer in the Mississippi and Missouri alleys.

Threatening weather, with occasional snow, is indicated for northern New England and the lower lake region tonight or Tuesday.

40; condition to at sour reservoir, if the following th

Ganerally fair weather will prevail in the Atlantic and gulf states. It will be warmer in the Atlantic states tonight and Tuesday, and cooler in the west Tide Table.

Today—Low tide, 9:40 a.m. and 10:35 p.m. high tide, 3:10 a.m. and 3:38 p.m. Tomorrow-Low tide, 10:49 a.m. and 11:35

p.m.; high tide, 4:20 a.m. and 4:41 p.m. The Sun and Moon, Sun rises, 7:01; sun sets, 5:29. Moon rises, The City Lights.

Gas lamps all lighted by 6:39 p.m.; extinguishing begun at 5:52 a.m. The lighting is begun one hour before the time named. Naphtha lamps all lighted by 6:39 p.m.; extinguishing begun at 6:07. The moon schedule does not apply to these lamps. Public are lamps lighted at 6:08 p.m. and extinguished at 6:37 a.m. Condition of the Water.

Temperature and condition of water at 8 a.m.: Great Falls, temperature, 34; condi-tion, 2. Receiving reservoir, temperature, 40; condition at north connection, 2; condition at south connection, 2. Distributing reservoir, temperature, 39; condition at influent gate house, 2; effluent gate house, 2. Range of the Thermometer.

The following were the readings of the thermometer at the weather bureau today: 8 a.m., 34; 2 p.m., 44; maximum, 44; min-

No. 1.	THE WEATHER No. 2.	No. 8.	FLAG SIGNALS.	No. 5.
	BLUE	WHITE		
Clear or fair weather.	Rain or snow.	Local rain or snow.	Temperature signal.	Cold wave

The flags are hoisted each day upon the issue of the morning weather map and float until dark. They indicate the weather that may be expected during the following thirty-rix hours, but more particularly the last twenty-four hours of that period. They are to be read from the top of the staff downward. If more than one kind of weather is predicted for the period from 8 p.m. to'8 p.m. the conditions first named in the forecast will be represented by the uppermost flag. When a warning of a "cold wave" is included in the forecast message, the cold-wave flag will be displayed below the proper weather flag.

The temperature flag, when placed above numbers 1, 2 or 3, indicates warmer weather; when placed below numbers 1, 2 or 3, indicates colder weather; when not displayed, the indications are that the temperature will remain stationary.

and other public or private property dis-turbed in laying the pipe line as aforesaid.

District Day Tomorrow. Chairman Babcock of the House District committee managed to save the Dis- Maj. Allen's Report of the Operations in which said ducts may be made, of arc lights of not less than one thousand actual candle power under a contract for one year candle power under a contract for one year have been lost by the adjournment of the House in respect to the memory of Reptrict day today, which would otherwise or more, enter into, and faithfully execute such contract, at prices not exceeding \$100 per year for each lamp burning all night ment was made by which the District is to have tomorrow for the consideration of such bills as may be brought up. Chairman Babcock has called a meeting right to use the said ducts by the company named in this act shall be that the said company, its assigns or successors, shall at limes furnish, on due demand, and to all private or public purchasers having the advocates of the bill will be heard. proper facilities to use the same, electric current for the generation of light, heat or power, and at rates at least 10 per centum less than those generally charged in the city of Washington during the month of December, 1895. It being understood that the rates here meant are the regular rates proportioned according to the amount of current used, and not special contract rates.

Townsteen to Be Executed the advocates of the bill will be heard.

An effort is being made, which will probably be successful, to secure a stenographer for the use of the District committee. The committee has felt the need of a stenographer for some time, as many of the hearings are of the utmost importance, and it is desirable that they should be reported and printed for the benefit of members of the House when the bills come up for action.

up for action. For a Sunday Law. People throughout the United States continue taking an interest in the morals of the people of the District of Columbia. Petitions were introduced in the Senate today as follows: By Mr. Gallinger, from the New Hampshire Women's Christian Tem-perance Union of Dover, N. H., asking for the enactment of a Sunday rest law for the District; also a similar petition by Mr. Burrows from the Women's Christian Tem-

perance Union of Dorrance, Mich. Enlargement of the Printing Office. Col. John M. Wilson, corps of engineers, has rendered to Congress a report on operations upon repairs and enlargement of the government printing office for the month of

January, the substance of which has al-ready been printed in The Star. A Pension for Mrs. Almy.

Mr. Reyburn of Pennsylvania has introduced a bill in the House to pension the widow of Rear Admiral Almy at the rate of \$100 per month. For a National University.

Professor A. D. White of the Venezuelan toundary commission made an argument before the Senate committee on the National University today for the establishment of a university at Washington by the government. Professor White took strong ground in favor of this project, saying that in this one important respect the United States was behind the most important of the European powers. He contended that instead of weakening other universities, as had been claimed would be the result, the establishment of a national institution would strengthen all other seats of learning. A leading member of the committee today expressed the opinion that the committee would agree unanimously to a favorable report.

Prefers the Associated Press. The Bradford, Pa., Sunday Herald says: 'The Herald is always on the alert for good things and succeeds in getting them. It is now equipped with the Associated Press franchise, which is the most com-plete and satisfactory service extant. Judging from the great favor with which the and purposes are eminently in accord with the sentiment of the age, and its efforts to please and instruct are highly successful."

Nicotine Neutralized CHEW AND SMOKE

TOBACCO.

NO NERVES QUAKING. NO HEART PALPITATING

NO DYSPEPTIC ACHING. NTI-NERVOUS. II II-DYSPEPTIC.

IMPROVING THE POTOMAC

During Last Month. Work Was Interfered With by Cold

Weather and Ice-Improvement to Navigation.

Major Charles J. Allen has made a report to the chief of engineers of operations for the improvement of the Potomac river at Washington during the month of January. He says that the construction of the sea wall in the tidal reservoir was continued whenever the weather and the stage of the tide would permit. The foundation bed was prepared, and the lower part of the wall laid to a height of 2.5 feet above low tide for a distance of 800 feet. The total length of the wall around the reservoir will be about 9,800 linear feet. Of this 5,900 linear feet have been completed and 1,400 partly completed. The river was frozen over January 6, but the ice in the channels was not sufficiently heavy to interrupt navigation. It was soon broken up, and passed out of the channels January 25. In the tidal reservoir the ice reached a thickness tidal reservoir the ice reached a thickness of five inches, and remained until January 27. The delivery of building stone, under the contract of C. G. Smith & Son, was delayed by the ice, and only 210.8 cubic yards were delivered during the month. The reservoir outlet has been practically completed.

Improvement to Navigation. "When the present project was adopted,"

says Major Allen, "the Georgetown channel was narrow and crooked and had not sufficient depth to accommodate commerce, and the Washington channel was shoal and narrow. The flats in front of the city were alternately exposed and covered by the tide. In execution of the project there has been dredged a channel from 350 to 550 feet wide and 20 feet deep through the bars between Georgetown and Giesboro' Point. As this channel has filled up above Long bridge, it has been redredged here several times and a training dike has been built with a view of reducing the deposit. In the Washington reducing the deposit. In the Washington channel the navigation channel has been dredged to a width of 400 feet and a depth of 20 feet between the Long bridge and the junction of the Washington and Virginia channels. The area between the navigation channel and the wall on section 111 has been dredged to a depth of 12 feet. The widening and deepening of the Virginia channel below the Long bridge, so as to facilitate the dis-charge of freshets and prevent overflow in the city, is still incomplete. The material dredged from this channel is to be deposited on section 111. All dredged material is de-posited on the flats, and the entire reclaimed area of 621 acres has been raised to a height of from 6 to 12 feet above low tide. The to-tal amount of material deposited on the relaimed area is about 10.681,006 cubic yards. The sea wall on the margin of the reclaimed area has been nearly completed along the Virginia front and the Washington channel front and is well advanced along the margin of the tidal reservoir." It is

The Wrecked Lady of the Lake. Maj. Allen reports that the removal of the wreck of the steamer Lady of the Lake, in the channel at the Clyde line wharf, was continued during the month, under the contract of Johnston & Townsend. The work proceeded slowly, however, being retarded by cold weather and ice, which made it difficult for the diver to work advantageously.

Maj. Allen says that the method of removal adopted by the contractors—that of breaking up the wreck into comparatively small pieces with dynamite and raising these with a derrick and stall deliver here. these with a derrick and a pile driver—has proved to be a slow as well as expensive method. During the month the remaining machinery, including the engine and the walking-beam frame, was removed, and also a length of about thirty feet of the keel, in doing which 360 pounds of dynamite were used. There remains to be removed about 170 feet of keel, with the adjacent part of the bottom of the hull and many pieces of the sides, deck timbers, etc. It is expected to complete the removal of the wreck this month.

Mrs. Johnson Indorsed. At the regular meeting of Lincoln W. R.

C., No. 6, held last Friday evening, Mrs. Arnie W. Johnson was unanimously indorsed by the corps for the position of department president for the ensuing year.

was in the house," said one of the witnesses. "Last night he was very noisy and

AS SAINTS

COURT PROCESSION

The Judge Was Certain, Though,

They Were Sinners.

Its Participants Get Impartial

Shares of Justice.

There was but one colored man in the au-

profane, and this morning he renewed his profanity."

"And I heard him, too," said another man, who appeared on the witness stand.
Sheridan thought he had done nothing to justify his incarceration, but Judge Kimball did not agree with him.
"You are fined \$10 or thirty days," the

judge said to him.
"That's all right," muttered Sheridan, as "That's all right," muttered Sheridan, as he turned to go back to the cell, "I'll attend to you when I get out."
"What's that remark," the court asked.
"I didn't make any," he responded.
"I heard it," said the court, "afid you will have to pay \$20 or sixty days instead of the other penalty imposed."

Fred. Estrand, allas Robert Enright, Thomas Rurns, allas Collins, and James

Thomas Burns, alias Collins, and James Williams were in the toils because of their conduct on C street Saturday night.

The men had been drinking, and were going to some of the disreputable houses when two of the men were heard to ask "We were not begging," said one of the

prisoners. "The policeman is wrong."

Judge Kimball told the young men that
the next time they go down into the city
they had better let liquor alone, and gave
them five days each. Said He Was Robbed.

"I'm guilty of one charge," said Minor Lawson, when arraigned on a charge of disturbing the quiet of South Washington. "Of what charge are you guilty?" the court asked.

"I was drunk," he answered. "But that is not the charge against you," he was told. "You are charged with dis-orderly conduct, and you must enter your

"Then, I'm not guilty." "Then, I'm not guilty."
"Saturday night just after 12 o'clock,"
said an officer, "I was on duty in South
Washington and heard loud cries of murder. After some trouble I located the noise
at 3d street and Maryland avenue, and
when I reached there Lawson claimed that
he had been knocked down and robbed of a
battle of whicky I learned from a by bottle of whisky. I learned from a by-stander, however, that he had fallen down and broken his whisky bottle."

"Judge, your honor," said the prisoner,
"I've been sober several months, and I
tried to stop drinking for good, but could
not succeed."

"But why were you making so much noise Saturday night?" interrupted the court.
"Because I was assaulted and robbed," he
answered. "A man struck me in the jaw and knocked me down. Then he robbed me."
"He wasn't robbed," said the policeman. "Five dollars."

Lawson begged the court to release him

saying he would pay the fine, but the court informed him that the finances of Uncle Sam are conducted on a cash basis, and he went down.

Sad Case. A young man named John F. Hopkins, whose mother lives on 25th street, was next in line, and his heart-broken mother appeared as a witness against him. Breaking the door at his mother's house was the charge against him, and Mrs. Hop-

kins told of similar trouble she had had "He will drink whisky and make my life miserable," she said. "He has as good a home and room as any young man in this city, and all I ask is that he behave himself. I wish I said. self. I wish I could put him some place in

the asylum or anywhere else, and I am willing to pay his board.
"I can't live alone," she said, "but his conduct is such that no one will stay in the Mrs. Hopkins was certain that her son had demolished the door, but as there was no legal proof against him he was dis-

Andrew McNamara, a young man who has no home, was arraigned as a vagrant, and, while he admitted his guilt, he asked that the court release him.
"This young man was on the street begging," said the policeman, "and I had to ar rest him because he was so bold about it."
"Judge, your honor," said the young man,
"I hope you will let me go this time." what?" the judge asked him.

"So I can get out of the city." "Where's your home?"
"I ain't got no home. But, judge, I've got a contagious disease, and I hope you won't send me down." "Thirty days."

Appealed to Brother Kimball. William Thomas was the name given by a man who pretended he was badly crippled, who was in the procession on complaint of a policeman, who arrested him because of his conduct in a lunch room last night.

"I wanted credit for a ten-cent meal until today," the prisoner said. "I was not th today, the prisoner said. I was not begging. I'm a man who is looking up to God, and I hope, Brother Kimball, that you will let me go this time."

"What's the matter with the man's leg?" Judge Kimball wanted to know.
"I broke my leg several months ago," the man answered. "Yesterday," said the policeman, "he was

"I'm afraid you're putting on too much,"
Judge Kimball said to the prisoner.
"Indeed, Brother Kimball, I'm not." The policeman suggested that the man's n.ind was not sound, and the court committed him to be examined.

In the second batch of prisoners there were several colored men and boys, who represented disorderly gatherings and crap games, and with them were several tramps,

most of whom were sent down.

Mike Curtis, a young man who has been

as spry as a cricket."

in the toils many times, was one of Judge Miller's callers today. He was in the toils on the usual charge, assaulting his aged father, whose face showed the result of a kick inflicted by the erring son. "He came home this morning about 1 o'clock, and wanted to get in my bed," said the aged man. Then he told the judge of his son's intemperate habits, and explained how he received the kick in the face.
"We were called to the house," said Po liceman Parham. "The young man's mother came to the station in her bare feet and made the complaint.'

Policeman Colbert, who was with him, gave similar testimony.

Curtis related his side of the affair, and Judge Miller gave him one month in jail. Amy Hayes, a young colored woman, who lives in Tenleytown, complained against her husband for alleged assault. Jacob Hayes the husband, had been fortunate enough to leave collateral for his appearance, and was therefore not in the toils. The court listened attentively to both sides of the case, and was unable to reach

the conclusion that Jacob was as bad as his wife had stated, and dismissed the charge. For a Divorce. Kate R. Fahey today filed a petition for FINANCIAL.

ARE YOU INSURED AGAINST FIRE? YOU should be, on both your bouses and furniture. I

INDEX TO ADVERTISEMENTS. ACCOUNTANT Page 10
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BOARDING Page 12
CONTROL TERMS PAge 12 COUNTRY REAL ESTATE. Page 12
COUNTRY REAL ESTATE. Page 15 DEATHS ......Page 5 dience in Judge Kimball's court this morning when court convened, and there were only two black faces in the dock. In the three cells there were forty-one prisoners, and mary of them were for trial in Judge
Miller's court, which made Judge Kimball's
procession an unusually short one for Monday morning.

Patrick Sheridan, a man with a military
bearing, whose face had been colored by
strong drink, was first in line, and the
charge against him was using profane languege in the Municipal Lodging House.

"In one respect," answered the man, when
arraigned, "I'm guilty, and in another respect I'm not guilty."

"You must plead one way or the other,"
said the court. "Say whether you are
guilty or not guilty."

"Then, I'll say guilty."

"Then, I'll say guilty."

"Then, I'll say guilty."

"Supt. Cutter of the lodging house was in
court to present the case, and he had two
of the helpers there as witnesses.

"Sheridan gave trouble all the time he
was in the house," said one of the witness
"Lost negle to the man with a military
born was very noisy and

FOR RENT (Warehouses).

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born were convenience, and monthly payments cuttailed.

A proper proportion of the surplus is applied in
antung stock or canceling loans in each series
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MANICURE and mary of them were for trial in Judge 
 WANTED (Rooms).
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 WANTED (Situatio:s).
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## CAMPOS' ATTITUDE

No One Supposed He Had Abandoned His Country's Cause.

THE REAL SITUATION EMPHASIZED

Cuba Must Be Free or Again Yield to Spain's Yoke.

THE RIGHTS OF BELLIGERENTS

If the polling of Gen. Campos at this time against the granting of belligerent rights to the Cubans was intended to influence sentiment in Congress on the subject it will fail. No mistake had been made here as to his attitude in the premises. Nobody supposed that he had abandoned his country's cause. It was already well understood that his recall to Spain was the penalty imposed for his statesmanship and humanity, and not because of an abandonment by him of Spain's interests on the Island properly pursued.

The Real Situation.

The cable from Gen. Campos, however, the real situation in Cuba. Matters have arrived at that pass where a compromise is impossible. Cuba must be free, or again must yield to the Spanish yoke. That that yoke, if again put on, will be harder to bear than ever, is thought to be open to no debate. The Spanish blood spilled in bat-tle, the enormous sums of money spent in the campaigns, the destruction of property incidental to all warfare, will all operate to make the policy of re-enslavement of the Cubans as severe and as complete as possible. This is plain enough to the men in arms, and is contributing to strengthen

their original purpose of achieving free

Campos and Compromise. It was not to be expected that Gen. Campos would concede anything like this. He does not think it is too late to effect a compromise, honorable and beneficial to both sides. He worked for a compromise all the time he was in command on the island. He refused to employ butchery, for the double reason that it was repugnant to his nature and he did not think it necessary. He denies to the revolt the proportions or the dignity of belligerency entitled to foreign recognition, but even as he con-ceives it he insists that it should be put down by methods obtaining in honorable warfare. If Spain triumphs by the use of different means, that Gen. Campos will again come forward with his honorable and humane policy of treating the Cubans fairly and justly is considered certain. Bu what will be likely to come of his efforts? Will his countrymen not treat him then with greater disregard than they are now doing? If the policy of Gen. Weyler wins in war, such a policy as Gen. Weyler may propose in peace—Spanish peace—will win then. Gen. Campos will be then, as he is now, a back number—a man without present credit or a following at home, unworthy of a serious hearing.

How the United States Should View It This, it is insisted, is the only light in which the United States should view the matter. Naturally, General Campos does not want the Cubans to win; and knowing how advantageous to him the according of belligerent rights by this government would te, he opposes the proposition. But he stands only for a sentiment—a very high and worthy sentiment from his standpoint but carrying with it no power at home whatever. He stands alone. On the other side are all the men in authority under the government, and they are bent on the most cruel subjugation of Cuba and her people. The war is now to the knife, and the knife to the hilt. Should Congress consider the case as based upon the exact number of men in the field, the character of the arms they are carrying, the number of towns taken and how many hours held, and all that? Is not converted. all that? Is not enough asserted and con-fessed to show that the Cubans are out in force; that considering the disadvantages under which they are laboring they are putting up a great fight, and that their cause, judged from the American stand-point, is one of the most deserving possible to be presented? Ought a greater showing on the part of the insurgents to be demand-ed at this time?

In the Churches. In accordance with an order from the

Washington city presbytery, Rev. Dr. Sunderland yesterday gave notice to the congregation of the First Presbyterian Church of the dissolution of the pastoral relations between the church and one of its co-pas-tors, Rev. Adolos Allen. Dr. Talmage an-nounced his intention of hereafter occupying the pulpit both morning and evening. ject of a sermon delivered last evening at the E Street Baptist Church by the pastor, Rev. Dr. J. J. Muir. He drew a vivid pic-ture of the horrors of the Armenian mas-Mrs. Teunis S. Hamlin made an address to the Y. P. S. C. E. of the Fourth Presby-

terian Church last evening in the interests of missions, in which she made an appeal for enlarged missionary contributions, in order to pay the overdue salaries of the missionari De Molay Mounted Commandery, No. 4.

Knights Templar, attended a special service at Trinity M. E. Church. The pastor, Rev. M. F. B. Rice, delivered a sermon on the subject: "The Cross of Christ and Its Moral Symbolism as Applied to Temples." Moral Symbolism as Applied to Templarism.'

"Theosophical View of Heaven and Heil" was the subject of a lecture by George M. divorce from Daniel C. Fahey. The papers | Coffin of the Theosophical Society, deliving the case were withheld from publication. | ered last night at Metzerott Hall.

Mr. Coffin Lectures.

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